

Assignment 3

Issued: 04.05.2021
Due: 11.05.2021, **10:00h**

Exercise 3.1 SECRETARY *with multiple jobs* (4 points)

Let $k \in \mathbb{N}_{>0}$. Design an online algorithm that accepts the k best candidates in the SECRETARY problem with constant probability. Assume that the total number of candidates n is at least $2k$. Depict your algorithm and show that the probability to accept the k best candidates is constant for any fixed k .

Exercise 3.2 PROPHET *with multiple items* (4 + 4 + 2 points)

For the PROPHET problem, let p_i be the probability that v_i is optimal, where $i = 1, \dots, n$. Furthermore, suppose that τ_i is such that $\Pr[v_i \geq \tau_i] = p_i$, i.e., the p_i^{th} percentile for v_i . For simplicity, assume that such a threshold τ_i always exists. Define

$$\tilde{v}_i(p_i) := \mathbb{E}[v_i \mid v_i \geq \tau_i]$$

as the expected value of v_i given that it lies in the top p_i^{th} percentile. We consider the following strategy to pick one item: *When item i shows up, if no item has been chosen among $1, \dots, i-1$, reject it with probability $1/2$ outright, else accept it if $v_i \geq \tau_i$.*

- Show that the algorithm achieves a value of at least $\frac{1}{4} \cdot \mathbb{E}[v_{\max}]$.
- Suppose we are now allowed to choose k out of the n items. Then, the quantity of interest is given by $\mathbb{E}[\text{sum of values of best } k \text{ items}]$. Show that the algorithm achieves at least $\frac{1}{4}$ of it.
Hint: Redefine p_i as the probability that v_i is among the top k values.
- If the distributions are finite, then a threshold τ_i as defined above might not exist. Can you adjust the algorithm to handle this case? Explain your answer.

Exercise 3.3 NP-Hardness of offline ITEM ALLOCATION (4 points)

Show that the offline version of the ITEM ALLOCATION problem is NP-hard.

Hint: Use INDEPENDENT SET for the reduction.